

Dynamite Strategies for Stopping CSE!

2019

Sharon Slater
President, Family Watch International
Cofounder, Protect Arizona Children







Arizona just repealed a law that banned schools from promoting a 'homosexual lifestyle'



By Harmeet Kaur, CNN

① Updated 9:27 PM ET, Thu April 11, 2019





SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

KATHY HOFFMAN



Proposed change to RZ-2-303:

a. All sex education materials and instruction shall be age appropriate, recognize the needs of exceptional students, meet the needs of the district, recognize local community standards and sensitivities, shall not include the teaching of abnormal, deviate, or unusual sexual acts and practices,

ProtectArizonaChildren.org











Welcome to the Protect Arizona Children Coalition (PACC) webpage hosted on the StopCSE.org website! For the PACC mission and objectives click here.

Protect Arizona Children Petition!

We, as concerned Arizona citizens ... hereby petition the Arizona State Board of Education, our state legislators, our governor, and all local school boards and charter schools to ensure no instruction or materials, including highly controversial comprehensive sexuality education (CSE), be given to children in AZ schools:

- that could be construed to normalize or condone sexual conduct between children of minor age (whether heterosexual or homosexual),
- that include graphic or pornographic materials,
- that teach children they have sexual rights or how to "consent" to sexual acts,
- that teach unscientific gender identity theories (i.e., claiming genders or sexes exist other than male or female or that sex is fluid and can be changed).

READ MORE

Sign the Petition

PROTECT ARIZONA CHILDREN RESOURCES

Protect Arizona Children Petition pdf

Watch the Videos:

- "War on Children"
- "Deception: Behind TUSD's Proposed Sex Education Curriculum"

Dangerous CSE Programs in My State:

- "Making a Difference!"
- "Reducing the Risk"
- "Making Proud Choices"
- "iCuidate!; Teen Outreach Pregnancy"

Arizona Laws & Federal Funding:

View Arizona State Profile

Upcoming Meetings:

September 14, 7:00 pm

Arizona school board leaves sex education rules unchanged

The board decided not to act on guidelines put forward by the state superintendent.





Arizona State Legislature



Presentation given to Arizona Board of Education



LGBTQ-Inclusive School Policies & Practices

Madelaine Adelman	Robert Chevaleau
GLSEN Phoenix	Arizona Trans Youth & Parent Organization



Learners will be able to:

state that people show love and care for other people in different ways, including kissing, hugging, touching, and sometimes through sexual behaviours (knowledge).

Key idea: Children should understand what is and

Learners will be able to:

- describe male and female responses to sexual stimulation (knowledge);
- state that during puberty boys and girls become more aware of their responses to sexual attraction and stimulation (knowledge);

"understand that abstinence means choosing not to have sex, or deciding when to start having sex and with whom"

Learning objectives (12-15 years)

Key idea: The sexual response cycle is about how the body reacts physically to sexual stimulation

Learners will be able to:

- understand that sexual stimulation involves physical and psychological aspects, and people respond in different ways, at different times (knowledge);
- recognize that sexual response can be impacted by issues such as illness, stress, sexual abuse, medication, substance use and trauma (attitudinal).

Key idea: Every society, culture and generation

active

Learners will be able to:

- compare and contrast advantages and disadvantages of choosing to delay sex or to become sexually active (knowledge);
- understand that abstinence means choosing not to have sex, or deciding when to start having sex and with whom, and is the safest way to prevent pregnancy and STIs, including HIV (knowledge);
- reflect on how plans for their future can be impacted by the decisions they take in relation to sex and relationships (attitudinal).

approach is required to effectively engage them in the learning process and respond to the full range of their needs. As well as content on reproduction, sexual behaviours, risks and prevention of ill health, CSE provides an opportunity to present sexuality in a way that also includes its positive aspects, such as love and relationships based on mutual

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programmes with the high fidelity and quality that is associated with positive impact on health behaviours (Stead et al., 2007).

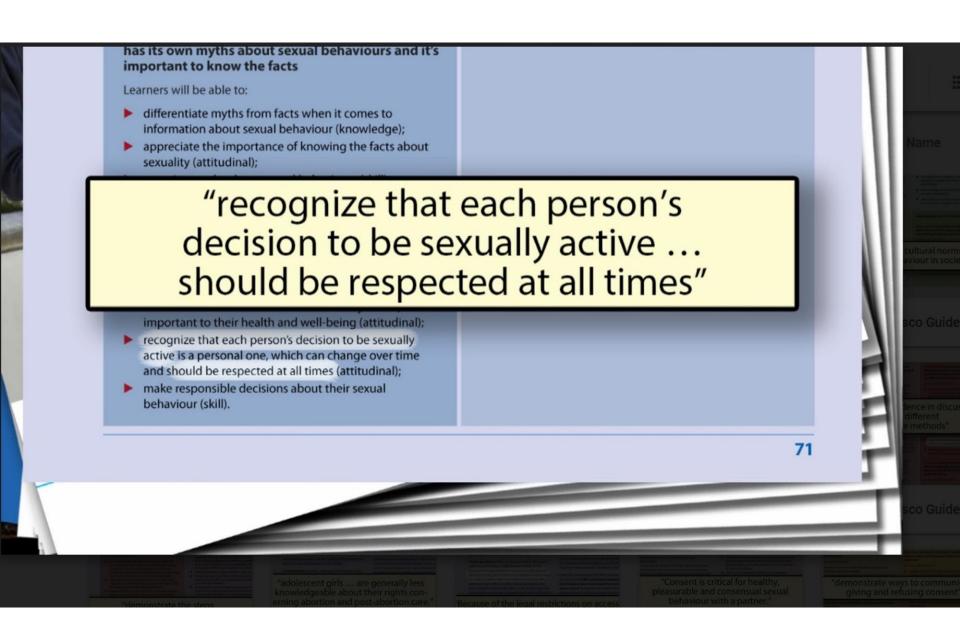
A lack of high-quality, age- and developmentally-appropriate sexuality and relationship education may leave children

"CSE promotes the right to choose when and with whom a person will have any form of intimate or sexual relationship"

CSE covers a wide range of topics, some of which may be culturally sensitive, depending on the context. In many settings, CSE curricula omit or avoid key topics, and/or place too much emphasis on the 'mechanics' of reproduction without also focusing on responsible sexual behaviours and the importance of healthy and equitable relationships (UNESCO 2015a). The omission of key topics will lessen the effectiveness of CSE. For example, failure to discuss menstruation can contribute to the persistence of negative social and cultural attitudes towards it. This may negatively impact the lives of girls, contributing to lifelong discomfort about their bodies and leading to reticence in seeking help when problems arise. Other examples include: sexual intercourse; scientific information about prevention of

preventing pregnancy, 5115 and HIV

CSE promotes the right to choose when and with whom a person will have any form of intimate or sexual relationship; the responsibility of these choices; and respecting the choices of others in this regard. This choice includes the right to abstain, to delay, or to engage in sexual relationships. While abstinence is an important method of preventing pregnancy, STIs and HIV, CSE recognizes that abstinence is not a permanent condition in the lives of many young people, and that there is diversity in the way young people manage their sexual expression at various ages. Abstinence-only programmes have been found to be ineffective and potentially harmful to young people's sexual and reproductive health and rights (SRHR) (Kirby, 2007; Santelli et al., 2017;



 reflect on how they feel about their biological sex and gender (skill).

Key idea: Families, individuals, peers and communities are sources of information about sex and gender

define gender roles (knowledge);

- Identify examples of how social norms, cultural norms, and religious beliefs can influence gender roles (knowledge);
- acknowledge that many factors impact gender roles (attitudinal);
- reflect on social, cultural and religious beliefs that impact on how they view gender roles (skill).

"explain how someone's gender identity may not match their biological sex"

Learning objectives (12-15 years)

Key idea: Gender roles and gender norms influence people's lives

Learners will be able to:

- identify how gender norms shape identity, desires, practices and behaviour (knowledge);
- Examine how gender norms can be harmful and can negatively influence people's choices and behaviour (knowledge);
- recognize that beliefs about gender norms are created by societies (attitudinal);
- acknowledge that gender roles and expectations can be changed (attitudinal);
- practise everyday actions to influence more positive

define gender identity (knowledge);

- explain how someone's gender identity may not match their biological sex (knowledge);
- acknowledge that everyone has a gender identity (attitudinal);
- appreciate their own gender identity and demonstrate respect for the gender identity of others (skill).

Learning objectives (15-18+ years)

Key idea: It is important to challenge one's own and others' gender biases

Learners will be able to:

 recall examples of gender bias against men, women and people of diverse sexual orientation and gender

3

Key concept 7: Sexuality and Sexual Behaviour

"Engaging in sexual behaviours should feel pleasurable."

Key idea: There are ways to avoid or minimize risk of sexual behaviours that can impact negatively on one's health and well-being

Learners will be able to:

- explain possible choices that people can make to minimize risks associated with sexual behaviour and support their life plans (knowledge);
- explain that condoms and other contraceptives reduce the risk of unintended consequences of sexual behaviours (e.g. HIV, STIs or pregnancy) (knowledge);
- recall that non-penetrative sexual behaviours are without risk of unintended pregnancy, offer reduced risk of STIs, including HIV, and can be pleasurable (knowledge);
- recognize that there are options for minimizing risks associated with sexual behaviour and realizing life plans

Key idea: Engaging in sexual behaviours should feel pleasurable and comes with associated responsibilities for one's health and well-being

Learners should be able to:

- summarize key elements of sexual pleasure and responsibility (knowledge);
- recall that many people have periods in their lives without sexual contact with others (knowledge);
- justify why good communication can enhance a sexual relationship (knowledge);
- reflect on how gender norms and stereotypes influence people's expectations and experience of sexual pleasure (knowledge);
- recognize that understanding their body's sexual response can help them understand their body, and can help identify when things are not functioning properly

reflect on a value that they have learned from their family (skill).

Learning objectives (12-15 years)

Key idea: It is important to know one's own values, beliefs and attitudes, how they impact on the rights of others and how to stand up for them

Learners will be able to:

 describe their own personal values in relation to a range of sexuality and reproductive health issues (knowledge);

Learning objectives (15-18+ years)

Key idea: It is important to know one's own values, beliefs and attitudes, in order to adopt sexual behaviours that are consistent with them

Learners will be able to:

 compare and contrast behaviours that are and are not consistent with their own values related to sexuality and

"differentiate between values that they hold, and that their parents/guardians hold about sexuality"

Learners will be able to:

- differentiate between values that they hold, and that their parents/guardians hold about sexuality (knowledge);
- acknowledge that some of their values may be different from their parents/guardians (attitudinal);

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BZgA

Federal Centre for Health Education

EUROPE

WHO Regional Office for Europe and BZgA

Standards for Sexuality Education in Europe

A framework
for policy makers,
educational and health authorities
and specialists



Sexuality Education Standards (Europe)

For Children Age 0 - 4 years:

• "Give information about enjoyment and pleasure when touching one's body ... masturbation"

• "Give right to explore gender identities"



Sexuality Education Standards (Europe)

For Children Age 9 - 12 years:

 "Give information about pleasure, masturbation, orgasm"

• "Sexual rights as defined by the International Planned Parenthood Federation"





International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF)

London Western Hemisphere Arab world South Asia

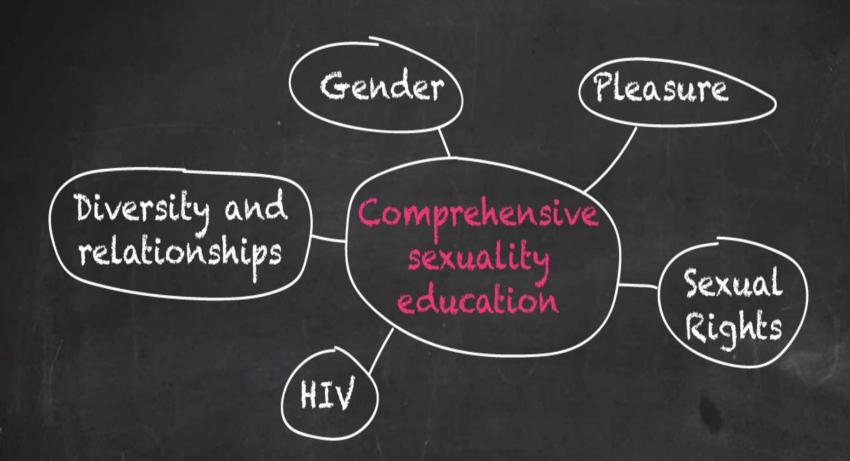
Africa

Asia

& Oceania

7 Regional Offices
152 Member
Associations 65,000
service points
Consultative Status at
UN









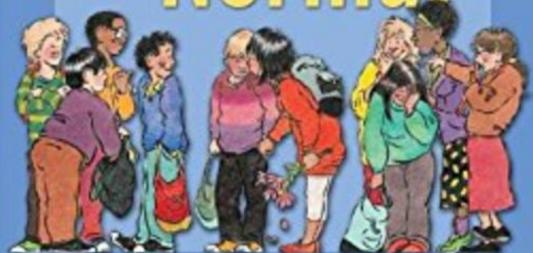
Sex Education





Changing Bodies, Growing Up, Sex, and Sexual Health

Perfectly Normal



ROBIE H. HARRIS AND MICHAEL EMBERLEY

MORE THAN ONE MILLION COPIES IN PRINT!

t's

Changing Bodies, Growing Up, Sex, and Sexual Health















ROBIE H. HARRIS WITH MICHAEL EMBERLEY



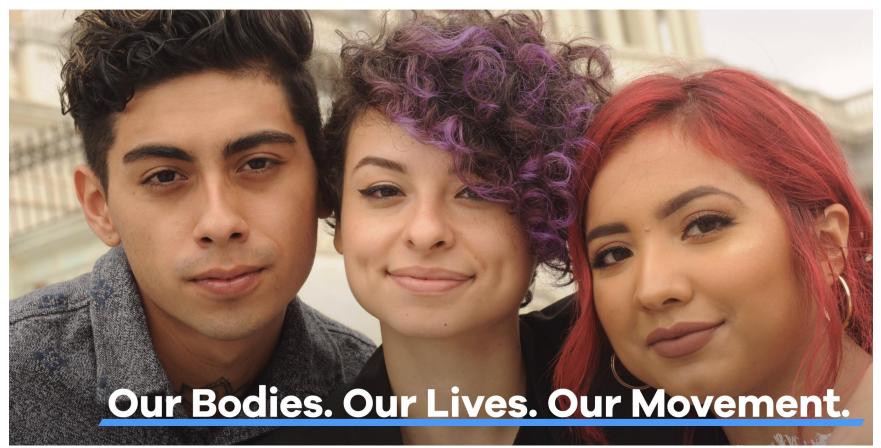






> Take Action

RESOURCES & TOOLS





Rights, Respect, Responsibility: A K-12 Sexuality Education Curriculum

"No Risk for STDs: Mutual masturbation, Solo Masturbation"

(Be sure to clarify that 'mutual masturbation' refers to two people touching each other's genitals).

(Grade 7, Lesson 5, p. 33)

Role Play Scenario C: "...So you're going to let them know that tonight is the night – you're going to have sex together for the first time."

(Grade 10, Lesson 1, p. 5)

If you care about abortion rights...



Then you should care about SEX EDUCATION.

If you care about LGBTQ rights...



Then you should care about **SEX EDUCATION**.

By Advancing Sex Education, You Are Advancing LGBTQ Rights

Most sex education curricula ignore the needs of LGBTQ youth by only discussing sexuality within the confines of heterosexual marriage. At least 30 states are required by law to stress abstinence during instruction in sex education and only 16 states are required to cover contraceptives. At least seven states have laws that are explicitly anti-LGBTQ. In fact, a 2015 GLSEN study found that less than 6% of students reported having sex education classes that showed LGBTQ identity in a positive light.

Educators set the tone by creating inclusive and welcoming environments.



Sexuality Information and Education Council of the United States

Q Search

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Information is everything.

And that's a fact of life.



Policy Updates



- Congress Increases
 Funding for Failed,
 Harmful Abstinence-Only
 Programs in Fiscal Year
 2018
- New President's Budget, Same Disregard for Marginalized Groups

Support SIECUSI

Make sexuality education available to all.

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Stay informed!

Sign up for SIECUS newsletters, updates, action alerts, and more!

What's New



- At it again: Leaked documents reveal Trump Administration prioritized ideology over expertise in attacks on Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program
- New President's Budget, Same Disregard for Marginalized Groups
- In Unconscionable Move, HHS Creates New Division to Encourage Discrimination

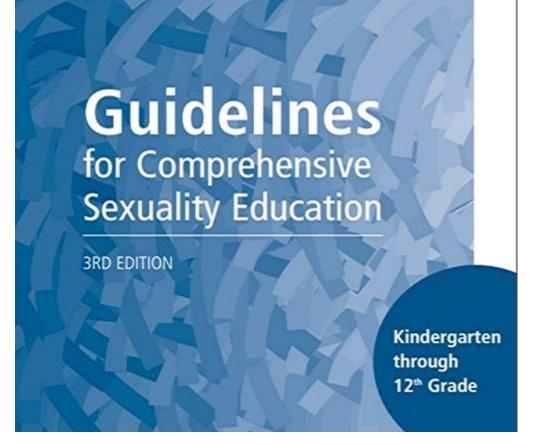
Community Action Updates



- #TeachThem Campaign Advocates for Sex Ed that Includes Consent, Violence Prevention Education
- Six Step Guide to Calling Congress

Research Updates





Published by SIECUS with the support of Planned Parenthood— on page 84 it recommends "It's Perfectly Normal" for children.





Under the Obama administration, Congress has been allocating 101 million taxpayer \$\$\$\$ for CSE teen pregnancy prevention programs!

Evidence- Based Teen Pregnancy Prevention Programs at a Glance



Technology (audio-visual/internet)
Parent Engagement
Service Learning Project
Condom Demonstration

This table provides a brief overview of the program models on the HHS Teen Pregnancy Prevention Evidence Review website that are implementation ready and is intended to be used in conjunction with other resources when selecting a program model for implementation. For additional information, please visit http://www.hhs.gov/ash/oah/oah-initia-tives/top_program/db/.

Note: Grantees may propose to implement an evidence-based TPP program with a population or in a setting other than those identified in the program's original evaluation; however, as a reminder, proposed adaptations must be shared with OAH and may require approval.

				_	-	-		.,			_			-									
Program Name	Program Type	Outcomes							Duration of Outcomes	Activities				Train- the- trainer	Train- the- facilitator	# of Sessions	Session Length	Program Duration	Setting	Target Population	Age	Languages	
Aban Aya Youth Project	SE	•							post- intervention	~	~	•					16-21	45 min	4 years	S*, Cm	(² /♂)*, AA*	10-14*	En
Adult Identity Mentoring (Project AIM)	YD	•							3 mos							~	12	50 min	6 weeks	S*, Cm	(² /o [*])*, All (AA)*, Lw	11-14 (12-14)*	En, Sp
AIM 4 Teen Moms	YD, P				•				12 mos.	~				~		~	7 (+ 2 group sessions)	60-90 min	12 weeks	Cm*, Hm*	♀, All (AA, H)*	14-20 (15-19)*	En
All4You!	YA			•	•				6 mos	~		\	/	~	~	~	14	70-140 min	7 weeks	Sp*	(² /♂)*, All*	14-18 (14-17)*	En
Be Proud! Be Responsible!	SE	•	•	•	•				3-12 mos	~				~	~	~	6	60 min	6 days	C, S, As*, Cm*	(² / ₀)*, All (AA)*	11-18 (11-13)*	En
Be Proud! Be Responsible! Be Protective!	Pp		•						12 mos	~				~	~	~	8	60 min	8 days	S, Sp*, As, Cm	♀, All (H, AA)*	12-18 (14-20)*	En
Children's Aid Society (CAS) Carrera Program	YD	•					•		3 yrs after program start for girls	~	~		/				Daily	2-3 hours	7 years	S, As*, Cm	(² /♂)*, All (H, AA)*	10-12 at program entry	En, Sp
iCuidate!	SE	•	•		•				3-12 mos	~				~	~	~	6	60 min	2 days +	S, As*, Cm*	(² /♂)⁺, н•	13-18*	En, Sp
Draw the Line/Respect the Line	SE	•				•			12 mos post-inter- vention; boys only	~	~	•		~	~	~	19	45 min	3 years	s•	(² /♂)*, All*	11-14*	En, Sp
							I														0.5		



Search by Subject

New Titles

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Abstinence

Birth Control & Pregnancy Prevention

Cold, Flu & Hygiene

Disease Management & Prevention

Drugs

Emotional & Mental Health

Evidence-Based Curricula

HealthSmart

HIV

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Evidence-Based



ETR is the Leading Publisher of Evidence-Based Prevention Programs.

HHS.gov Office of Population Affairs



About the Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) Program

Established in 2010 with a Congressional mandate to fund <u>medically accurate</u> and <u>age-appropriate</u> programs, the OAH TPP Program currently funds <u>91</u> <u>grants to communities</u>.



StopCSE.org

Federally Funded Sex Education Programs / Curricula in Arizona

Funding Source	Program or Curriculum	Funding Recipient
TPPP	Making a Difference!	Child & Family Resources
TPPP	Reducing the Risk	Child & Family Resources
TPPP	Be Proud! Be Responsible! Be Protective!	Child & Family Resources
TPPP	Making Proud Choices!	TPPP—Touchstone Behavioral Health
PREP	Teen Outreach Program (TOP)	Arizona Facts of Life; Arizona Youth Partnerships, Tucson Urban League, University of Arizona Cooperative Extension-Maricopa, Yuma County
PREP	¡Cuídate!; Teen Outreach Pregnancy	Mariposa Community Health Center
PREP	Promoting Health Among Teens (PHAT)	BJ Foundation, Pima Prevention Partnerships, U of A Cooperative Extension-Maricopa
PREP	Be Proud! Be Responsible! Be Protective!	Teen Outreach Pregnancy ARIZONA 14 Services
PREP	Making Proud Choices!	BJ Foundation, Promoting Health Among Teens (PHAT), Pima Prevention Partnerships
TITLE V	Choosing the Best Series	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Promoting Health Among Teens! - Abstinence-Only	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Teen Outreach Program (TOP)	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Peer Assisted Leadership (PAL)	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	WAIT Training	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Active Parents of Teens	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Can We Talk	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Making a Difference!	AZ Dept of Health
TITLE V	Let's Talk	AZ Dept of Health
SRAE Grants	Choosing the Best Series	Arizona Youth Partnership
SRAE Grants	Making a Difference!	Arizona Youth Partnership



Arizona State Plan Abstract

Project Title: Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program

State Name: Arizona

Fiscal Year: 2018

Grant Allocation Amount:

\$1,572,565

Title V State Sexual Risk Avoidance Education Program

2018

Arizona Department of Health Services

HHS.gov

Funding Announcements



Adolescent Development	Facts & Stats	Adolescent Health: Think, Act, Grow⊛	Resources & Training About OAH		
Grant Programs	Evaluation & Research	News			
Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program (TPP)	Maricopa Co	ounty			
About TPP	Phoenix, Arizona				
Current TPP Grantees	Grantee Detail	s			
Evidence-Based TPP Programs	Program type: Capacity Building for EBPs (Tier 1A)				
TPP Successful Strategies		Annual funding: \$749,999 Website: http://cchealth.org/ ₽			
TPP Performance Measures					
TPP Program Guidance	Program Summary	ricopa County Department of Public He	ealth (MCDPH) proposes to decreas		
TPP Conference and Meetings	the teen birth rate in Marico	pa County utilizing two primary strateg t six youth-serving organizations annua	ies: (1) target capacity building		
Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF) practice focused on teen pregnancy prevention. Targeted CBA will take place with youth-serving organizations that have catchment areas with the highest rates of or increases in teen births, or serve particularly vulnerable populations, including LGBTQ youth and Native American youth. The birth rate in Maricopa County is 30.3 births per 1,000 females aged 15-19; however, there are six					

geographic areas within the county with rates as high as 112.7 per 1,000. The project plans to serve

4,500 youth annually or more than 22,000 youth by the end of the project.



Support. Train. Engage.

Prepare.

Collective STEP for Youth shares resources for adolescent wellbeing as a service to its partner community.

Any questions about a resource shared here should be directed to the organization it came from.

The project described is supported by Grant Number TP1AH000129 from the Office of Adolescent Health.

Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Maricopa County Department of Public Health, 4041 N. Central Ave. Phoenix, AZ 85012, Phoenix, AZ 85012



Support.

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Collective STEP for Youth is a group of professionals and community members who are passionate about building the capacity of organizations serving youth 10-19 to prevent teen pregnancy and enhance adolescent wellbeing.

Would you like to learn more about us? Visit our Newsletter Archives here!

COALITION NEWS

Sex Ed Boot Camp: Getting in Shape for Those Tough Questions (Workshop)

Planned Parenthood will be hosting a workshop designed to support adults who work in youth-serving programs, on how to better manage 'sex topics' or questions, so that kids get real information, stay safe, and adults feel they can answer questions in a more empowered, less stressful way. This workshop will be held on Wednesday, November 1 from 1:00PM-5:00PM. Registration is \$15 for one person or \$10 per person for 2 or more people from the same organization. For more information please email education@ppaz.org.

Supporting Transgender Individuals & Communities through Excellence (Workshop)

The Transgender Training Institute will host a Training of Trainers on November 1-3 in Philadelphia, PA. Scholarships are available. Learn more <u>here</u>.



Help give LGBTQ youth a voice!

The 2019 National School Climate Survey of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer youth is a crucial tool in GLSEN's mission for fighting anti-LGBTQ bias in K-12 schools across the nation. Share the survey with your youth so they can speak out about their school experiences!



FOR PROFESSIONALS SERVING YOUTH

We've made some modifications! Upload your resource, event, or agency in a few easy steps. Start by clicking on the "Add Your Agency / Resource" button in the the top right corner. Get the word out about your services to other youthserving professionals!



Support.

Train.

Engage.

Prepare.



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Making Proud Choices! Curriculum is based on cognitive behavioral theory and elicitation research and focuses on safer sex. It acknowledges that abstinence as the most effective way to

TRAINING



TRAINI

Draw the Line, Respect the Line promotes abstinence by providing students in grades 6, 7 and 8 with the knowledge and skills to prevent HIV, other STD and pregnancy. Using an





Making **Proud Choices!**

Order of Condom Line-Up cards

- Buy condoms and check expiration date
- Sexual arousal (hug, cuddle, kiss, massage)
- » Erection
- Carefully remove condom from package
- Squeeze out any air from tip of condom and leave room for ejaculation
- Dab only water-based lubricant on penis or inside condom (lubricants that are not water-based can degrade the condom)
- Roll condom on
- Intercourse
- Orgasm (ejaculation)
- Hold onto the rim of condom and withdown



Answers

Sexual arousal, rolling condom on, intercourse, orgasm, holding onto rim, removing condom, and relaxation. She can also buy condoms and have them

If male loses his erection after putting on a condom and before intercourse, what could the couple do?

Answer

"This will happen to most males at some point in their lives. Have partner take off condom, **continue playing and stimulating one another, relax, and enjoy the fun** After a while, put a new condom on as part of the play.

Draw the Line Respect the Line

Setting Limits to Prevent HIV, STD and Pregnancy

Grade

University of California, San Francisco Center for AIDS Prevention Studies and ETR







An Evidence-Based Program

Draw the Line Respect the Line

"Safe: Kiss on cheek, Hug, Talk on phone, Hold hands, Give/get hickey, Feel up over clothes, Feel up under clothes

"Some Risk: French kiss; Mouth to genitals, with latex barrier; Penis in vagina, with latex condom; Mouth to genitals, no latex barrier

"Risky: Sex with latex condom and baby oil; Sex with someone on the pill, no condom; Sex with someone you love, no condom; Penis in vagina, no condom; Penis in rectum, with condom; Penis in rectum, no condom" (8th Grade Teacher's Manual, pp. 155, 157, 159, 161)





Making A Difference!



GRANTEE GUIDE

An Evidence-Based, Abstinence Approach to Teen Pregnancy, STD and HIV Prevention



Loretta Sweet Jemmott, Ph.D., R.N., F.A.A.N. John B. Jemmott III, Ph.D. Konstance A. McCaffree, Ph.D., C.S.E.

HARMING THEIR INNOCENCE

Parents are outraged over the explicit language and graphic content their children are exposed to by federally funded Comprehensive Sex Education lessons that are taught in schools across the country.





MAKING A DIFFERENCE! Federally funded under the Teen Pregnancy Prevention (TPP) program (pages 63, 64)

How Do People Express

Their Sexual Feelings?

Elicit as many answers as you can.

Answers may include:

What is Abstinence?

following question.

oral sex

caressing

dencing

talking

hugging

kissing

grinding

masturbation

Put up the "How Do People Express Their Sexual Feelings prompt

FAGLITATOR'S NOTE

Be sure participants understand the definition of vaginal intercourse, oral sex, anal sex, and

- Vaginal intercourse or sexual intercourse
- means a man's penis in a woman's vagina. Oral sex means a person's mouth on another person's genitals.
- Anal sex means a man's penis in a person's
- Masturbation means rubbing stroking or "playing with " one's own gentials or the genitals of another person.

Decch, each item on the poster by stoking participants whether or not the behavior could result in pregnancy or sexually transmitted infection. Be sure to identify ALL behaviors that may involve an exchange of blood, semen, or vaginal secretions (participants may suggest behaviors besides oral, anal, and vaginal intercourse which will transmit disease).

Then ask,

- Why won't everybody want to engage in ALL of these behaviors? [Answers may include: they may not feel good, or be appealing; some may be risky; they may have religious or moral objections.
- · How can we let our partners know what we are willing and not willing to do? [Answers may include: We need to tell them before any touching occurs.]

DIFFERENCE

(10 minutes) Activity D 1. Have participants brainstorm answers to the

PREPARING FOR THE ACTIVITY

Rationale

Understanding that there are many behaviors that express sexual feelings helps participants choose sexual behaviors that do not result pregnancy or sex ally transmitted infection-

Materials Needed

. "How Do People Express Their Second Feelings

Time

· Masking tape

sicipants are hesitant, ask the questions i.e. What kind of sex can people have

With all the recessages teems are receiving about

sex, what are some of the ways people express

their sexual belings to themselves or other pro-

 What other words do we use for touching? What other things might people do with

sexual fantasy

holding hands

cuddling on the couch

vaginal intercourse

saying "I like you"

touching each other's genitals

anal sex

massage

ENCLITATION'S NOTE

- What kinds of things can people do with

These lessons are taught to middle school students. ages 12-14.



How Do People Express Their Sexual Feelings? What is Abstinence?

Activity D

Answers may include:

(10 minutes)

oral sex sexual fantasy

caressing anal sex dancing massage

masturbation holding hands

talking cuddling on the couch

hugging touching each other's genitals

kissing vaginal intercourse talking saying "I like you"

grinding saying "I like y



TUSD's sex ed would be most LGBTQ inclusive locally, if update passe

By Brenna Bailey Arizona Daily Star Jul 7, 2019 Updated Jul 11, 2019



Dr. Tracey Kurtzman holds articles and papers from medical and scientific journals about the care of LGBT children and adolescents while speaking to TUSD's family life committee concerning proposed changes to the district's sex education program.

Kelly Presnell / Arizona Daily Star







Appendix B - ADHS/Wyman Combined Active Parental Consent Form



{INSERT AGENCY NAME -PROGRAM NAME}

Active Parental Consent Form

Participant Name:				Date of Birth:				
Child's Age:	Grade:	Circle One: MALE	FEMALE	Program Location:				
Home Address:								
Parent/Legal Guardian Name:			Work Phone:		Cell Phone:			

{INSERT AGENCY NAME} has received a grant from the Arizona Department of Health Services (ADHS) to deliver the {INSERT NAME OF PROGRAM and/or CURRICULUM}. During the time your child will spend in the program, they will explore their own growth and development. This unique program will involve your child in discussions regarding communication, healthy relationships, goals & peer pressure and allow him/her to make a difference in the community through service learning projects. The program promotes progress in school and avoidance of behaviors which may hinder your child's opportunities for successful growth and achievement; overall the program aims to address and prevent teen pregnancy. All program information has been shared with and approved for delivery by the school/agency administrators.

The ADHS funding provided for this program also includes a pre and post evaluation which requires parental consent. There are two separate evaluation administered; one for ADHS and the other Wyman. We require consent for each of these evaluations.



Health » Health Promotion » Teen Pregnancy Prevention

Making Proud Choices

Making Proud Choices! provides adolescents with the knowledge, confidence and abstaining from sex or using condoms if they choose to have sex.

The program has four major components. The first component focuses on goals, transmission and prevention of HIV, other STDs and teenage pregnancy. The third refusal skills and condom use skills and providing time for practice, reinforcement

Teen Reproductive Health Information



Reproductive Health: Teen Pregnancy

CDC > Teen Pregnancy

For Teens

Are you a teen having sex? Are you thinking about having sex?

For information about waiting to have sex (abstinence), including how to talk to your partner about it—

Planned Parenthood: Abstinence

For information about healthy relationships—

- MTV It's Your (Sex) Life: Relationships []
- Sex, Etc.: Relationships []

Abstinence and Outercourse

For some people, abstinence means not having any kind of sex. For other people, abstinence only means not having vaginal sex, but other sexual activities are allowed.

When it comes to preventing pregnancy, all the sexy stuff besides vaginal sex is called "outercourse."

What's Abstinence and Outercourse?

The definition of abstinence is when you don't have sex. Outercourse is other sexual activities besides vaginal sex. Sexual abstinence and outercourse can mean different things to different people.













FUN



SEX ED

YOUR SAY

ACTION CENTER



A Christian Teen Speaks Out Against Homophobia By Lina Chappelle, 17



Crash Course in Gender & **Gender Identity** By Jenny Geng, 18



A Fairy-Tale First Time By Manish Arora And Leslie Hassanein, 18



A Family Affair: One Brother, One Sister and Sex, Etc. By David Geng, 17



A New Generation Carries the **Torch for Choice** By Eve Zhurbinskiy, 16

A Trip to the Clinic to Get **Hormonal Birth Control**

By Alexandra Yoon-Hendricks, 18

I looked over my shoulder to make sure no one saw me as I quickly opened the door to my local clinic, Hoboken Family Planning. Though I didn't need hormonal birth control, I was there to learn how you get [...]

Read Story »

The Good News!



RE-EXAMINING THE EVIDENCE:

School-based Comprehensive Sex Education in the United States

Found 87% CSE failure rate!

Irene H

Stan F No evidence CSE prevents teen pregnancy or STDS!



ProtectChildHealth.org



HOME

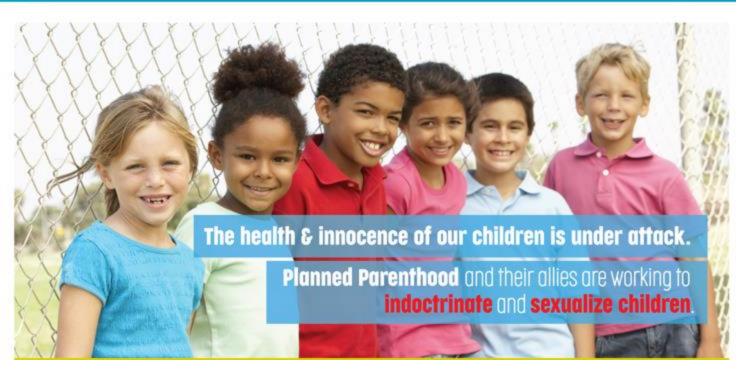
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StopCSE.org/Indiana



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Welcome to Protect Indiana Children Coalition!

The "Protect Indian Children Coalition" webpage is hosted on the StopCSE.org website.

Protect Indiana Children Petition!

We, as concerned Indiana citizens ... hereby petition the Indiana State Board of Education, our state legislators, our governor, and all local school boards and charter schools to ensure no instruction or materials, including highly controversial comprehensive sexuality education (CSE), be given to children in our schools:

- that could be construed to normalize or condone sexual conduct between children of minor age (whether heterosexual or homosexual),
- that include graphic or pornographic materials,
- that teach children they have sexual rights or how to "consent" to sexual acts,
- that teach unscientific gender identity theories (i.e., claiming genders or sexes exist other than male or female or that sex is fluid and can be changed).

READ MORE

Sign the Petition

RESOURCES

VIEW OUR MISSION & OBJECTIVES

Indiana Paper Petition PDF

Dangerous CSE Programs in My State::

- · Be Proud, Be Responsible
- Making a Difference
- Making Proud Choices

Threats:

View Indiana State Profile

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Ensure the rights of parents are respected by requiring all public schools to:

- Make available for public review and input, at least 60 days before adoption, any new or revised sex education curriculum in its entirety.
- Make easily accessible for public review all existing sex education curricula, including any supplemental materials.
- Maintain sex ed as an elective, opt-in subject requiring parental approval.

We warn that that the implementation of highly controversial and failed CSE programs in our public schools (See failure rates at SexEdReport.org) will cause many Indiana parents to either a) opt their children out of sex education entirely, resulting in fewer children receiving instruction on sexual risk avoidance, or (b) withdraw their children all together.

We further assert that our schools are not the appropriate place to push political or sexual agendas that advance divisive issues or controversial "sexual rights" at the expense of sexual health. Parents who wish to instruct their children on such issues can do so at home.

Note: Please write clearly as your email address serves as your signature on this petition.

Email address

Name

Zip code

Phone

Please keep me informed by Protect Indiana Children and Family Watch International regarding threats to our children and families.

Add my name also to the national/international Stop CSE petitions. (See StopCSE.org)

Return petitions to Protect Indiana Children c/o Family Watch International













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FLORIDA OFFICE:

PO Box 540774 Orlando, FL 32854 Tel 407-875-1776 Fax 407-875-0770 www.LC.org DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA OFFICE:

122 C Street NW, Ste 360 Washington, DC 20001 Tel 202-289-1776 Fax 407-875-0770

REPLY TO FLORIDA

August 20, 2019

VIRGINIA OFFICE:

PO Box 11108 Lynchburg, VA 24506 Tel 407-875-1776 Fax 407-875-0770 liberty@LC.org

Via Email Only

Diana Asseier, Superintendent Lake Havasu Unified School District #1

2200 Havasupai Blvd.

Lake Havasu City, AZ 86403 diana.asseier@lhusd.org

Re: Violation of AZ sex education law, including 60 day notice, hearing and parent review time requirements

Dear Superintendent Asseier:

Liberty Counsel is a national non-profit litigation, education and public policy organization with an emphasis on First Amendment liberties. We provide *pro bono* assistance to our constituents in matters within our mission, in conjunction with our nationwide network of affiliated attorneys.

I write on behalf of Liberty Counsel and our Arizona constituents, including the Protect Arizona Children Coalition, regarding fundamental parental rights. These rights are implicated in the proposed action currently before the Board of Education ("Board") of Lake Havasu Unified School District #1 ("LHUSD"). I understand that the Board is considering voting to adopt a sex education policy and moving forward with curriculum recommendations. In light of noncompliance with notice and hearing requirements of Arizona law, these actions are premature and must be postponed. A failure to postpone could subject the District to liability.

Arizona State Legislature





ProtectArizonaChildren.org

